Exam				
Name				
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choos	se the one alternative th	at best completes the stateme	nt or answers the question.	
 If your peers smok called a(n) 	5	smoke. This kind of determina	nt of a health behavior is	1)
A) emotional	B) predisposir	ng C) reinforcing	D) enabling	
Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC				
2) Which of the follov behavior change?	ving is one of the stages	in Prochaska and DiClemente	s transtheoretical model of	2)
A) replacement Answer: D Diff: 1 Type: MC	B) rejection	C) inner cognition	D) contemplation	
	ublic health model of he	'F' if the statement is false. ealth examines diseases and ot ocial and physical environmer	0	3)
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choos	se the one alternative th	at best completes the stateme	nt or answers the question.	
		r co-workers, and maintains a others exemplifies which dime C) intellectual		4)
Answer: A Diff: 1 Type: MC				
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if th	e statement is true and	'F' if the statement is false.		
5) By controlling you	r anger, you are managir	ng your social health.		5)
Answer: True Diff: 2 Type: TF	False			

 6) The SMART system is an acronym for specific, measurable, action-oriented, reactionary, and
 6)

 time-oriented.
 6)

Answer: True Salse Diff: 1 Type: TF

7) People with self-efficacy are more likely to take action, stick to their plan of action, and believe 7) they can succeed.

Answer: True False Diff: 2 Type: TF

- ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.
 - 8) List the six dimensions of health and provide a brief description of each. Discuss the inter-relationships of all the dimensions and the importance of balance.
 - Answer: (Answers may vary. Typical examples are listed.)
 - Physical: Body size, composition, and fitness levels, along with immune system and other bodily functioning and recuperative abilities and ability to perform activities of daily living (ADLs) Intellectual: Clear and critical thinking ability, objective reasoning, and responsible decision-making to meet life's challenges
 Social: Healthy interaction with others, satisfying interpersonal relationships, and adaptability to various social situations and daily behaviors
 Emotional: Appropriate control and expression of emotions, self-esteem, efficacy, and confidence, as well as the ability to trust, love, and respond with other emotions
 Environmental: Playing a role in preserving, protecting, and improving environmental conditions
 Spiritual: Sense of meaning and purpose in life; may include belief in a supreme being, or feeling unity and oneness with nature and all living things; ability to experience peace, contentment, and wonder
 All dimensions are important for overall health, and paying excessive attention to one dimension, such as physical health, can't compensate for inattention to other dimensions, such as social or emotional health. The necessary perspective is holistic, emphasizing balance.
 - Diff: 4 Type: ES

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

9)	All behaviors have antecedents and con	sequences.	9)
	Answer: True False		
10)	Self-esteem, self-confidence, self-effica the dimensions of health.	cy, trust, and love are all part of emotional health, one of	10)
	Answer:Image: TrueFalseDiff:2Type:TF		
11)	makes her feel. She has decided to subs	ut the day, but she doesn't enjoy the way all that caffeine titute decaffeinated coffee for two of those cups and water re her health behaviors by using a strategy called	11)
	Answer: True False Diff: 3 Type: TF		
MULTIPI	LE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative	e that best completes the statement or answers the question.	
12)	wedding, christening, bar mitzvah, or q at these parties, but he tends to overind party coming up for his cousin, so Siegf	latives. It seems like he's always going to somebody's uinceañera. Siegfried enjoys seeing his friends and relatives ulge in the desserts that are available. There's a birthday ried has been trying to visualize some of the things he can kind of strategy is he employing to change his behavior?	12)

<u> </u>			
A) shaping	B) imagined rehearsal		
C) countering	D) situational inducement		
Answer: B			
Diff: 2 Type: MC			

by doing A) aim B) avo C) enjo D) wor Answer:	all of the foll ing to experi iding vigoro bying interpe king to mair	owing <i>except</i> ence peace and contentment	ent. Allison may attain optimal level of wellness	13)
14) When you importan A) Cul B) Exa C) Skip D) Set j Answer:	u are contern t strategies to tivate an externine your he o doing resea yourself show		e you confused.	14)
A) indi C) hea Answer:	determinant vidual beha Ith services	of health.	wear seatbelts, your state is demonstrating the B) policymaking D) health disparities	15)
16) The Ame poor, the Answer:	rican Psycho disabled, rad	5	e statement is false. an increased risk for discrimination among the Americans, and older Americans.	16)
Answer:	smoking is re True Type: TF	•	ve deaths in American adults.	17)
18) Over whi A) soci C) biol Answer:	ch set of fact al factors ogy		completes the statement or answers the question. do people have the most control? B) individual behaviors D) genetics	18)
19) When cor disease th Answer:	nsidering the nan women,	tatement is true and 'F' if the biological factors that influe but they are more susceptible False	nce your health, men have a lower risk of heart	19)

3

· · ·		e include all of the fo	e .		20)
A) influenz Answer: A Diff: 1 Type	a. e: MC	B) diabetes.	C) cancer.	D) heart disease.	
21) Hallie needs t	o improve he	r study habits if she v	wants to get her degree i	n physics. She has thought	21)
•		she might do and has I model of behavior c		ecific plan of action. Which	
A) prepara		B) maintenance	C) action	D) contemplation	
Answer: A Diff: 3 Type	e: MC				
	-			e, though, so she volunteers	22)
	-			other people in the office their way to express their	
appreciation a	and approval			l of positive reinforcer is	
Reneé experie A) manipul	lative reinford	cer	B) consumable re	inforcer	
C) activity	reinforcer		D) social reinforce	er	
Answer: D Diff: 2 Type	e: MC				
-		cus of control feel tha vinions and to be true		their own actions. They are	23)
A) external		B) ancillary	C) internal	D) exaggerated	
Answer: C Diff: 2 Type	e: MC				
24) Which of the f	following best	describes emotional	health?		24)
		or control feelings various social situati	ons		
C) the abili	ty to be self-s	ufficient			
	ty to problem	solve			
Answer: A Diff: 2 Type	e: MC				
25) If you believe should	that you were	e discriminated agair	nst in your application fo	or an apartment, you	25)
	cept it and mo	ove on.			
B) offer to security		roperty owner a bank	c check for the first and I	ast months' rent plus	
C) file a cor	mplaint with	your local housing at	-		
	provide the p	roperty owner additi	onal character reference	S.	
Answer: A Diff: 3 Type	e: MC				

26) Which of the following statements about diversity inA) Over 7 percent of Americans now identify as LC		26)
B) The population of Americans under age 18 is ex and 2016.		
C) Hispanics, non-Hispanic Blacks, and Asians no D) The percentage of Americans who identify as C		
Answer: C		
Diff: 3 Type: MC		
27) Which of the following best describes a person exhibi	o	27)
A) Serena has been working hard in the pool, too, k		
experienced early in the season will prevent her 100-meter backstroke.	from setting a personal record in the	
B) Sarah has been working hard in the pool and is	confident that she can set a personal record in	
the 100-meter butterfly.	connuclia that she can set a personal record in	
C) Susan is positive that the personal record she se	t last season in the 100-meter breaststroke was	
a fluke, so she stands no chance of setting one th practice.	nis season, no matter how hard she works at	
D) Suzanne works hard at practice, but she believe	s her ability to set a personal record in the	
100-meter freestyle is out of her hands.		
Answer: B		
Diff: 3 Type: MC		
28) All of the following are barriers to change that you ca	n expect to face when you are preparing to	28)
change a behavior except		
A) setting realistic goals.		
B) self-defeating beliefs and attitudes.		
C) lack of support and guidance.	wellpage	
D) failing to accurately assess your current state of	weiness.	
Answer: A Diff: 2 Type: MC		
Diff. 2 Type. MC		
29) According to Healthy People 2020, the measures of hea	alth-related quality of life and well-being	29)
include which of the following?		
A) social and mental factors, but not physical facto		
B) physical and mental factors, but not social facto	rs	
C) physical, mental, and social factorsD) physical and social factors, but not mental facto	rs	
Answer: C	15	
Diff: 1 Type: MC		
		20)
30) All of the following are tips for mindful living <i>except</i>	R) keep your feet in the pow	30)
A) prepare today for the wants of tomorrow.C) stop and smell the roses.	B) keep your feet in the now.D) seek goodness rather than perfection.	
Answer: A	by seek goodness ration than perfection.	
Diff: 4 Type: MC		
2		

 31) Shaping tips for behavior change include A) starting quickly. B) keeping the steps of a program difficult and achievable. C) mastering one step before moving on to the next step. D) sticking firmly to a plan even if it proves uncomfortable. Answer: C Diff: 3 Type: MC 	31)
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
32) Nasir admitted to himself that he missed his scheduled workout because he hadn't prioritized exercise. His admission suggests that Nasir has an external locus of control.	32)
Answer: True Sealse Diff: 2 Type: TF	
33) Buying a new outfit after completing four weeks at the gym is an example of positive reinforcement.	33)
Answer: True False	
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.	
 34) Katerina is in the action stage of behavioral change. Which of the following strategies is recommended for her when she faces obstacles to her desired change? A) using shaping B) changing her self-talk C) setting reasonable goals Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC 	34)
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
35) Healthy life expectancy is the years of full health a person enjoys without disability, chronic pain, or significant illness.	35)
Answer: True False Diff: 1 Type: TF	
ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.	

- 36) In Prochaska and DiClemente's stages of change model, what is the difference between the contemplation stage and the preparation stage?
 - Answer: In the contemplation stage, a person acknowledges a problem and the need for change but may lack the time or energy to make the change. In the preparation stage, a person begins to focus on how to effect change and may move toward creating a plan of action.

Diff: 3 Type: ES

 A) reinforcing 	B) predisposing	C) enabling	D) emotional	
Answer: B				
Diff: 2 Type: MC				
	ods, exercises, gets eight ho ess is related to which dime		l rarely gets ill. Jerome's	38)
A) social	B) intellectual	C) physical	D) emotional	
Answer: C Diff: 1 Type: MC				
	l cognitive model for behav d motivate change. Which o	•	e of those three factors?	39)
Answer: B Diff: 1 Type: MC				

40) Writing a formal behavioral change contract can help you clarify your goals and make a 40) _________

Answer: True False Diff: 1 Type: TF

- ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.
 - 41) List at least three factors that can give rise to health disparities. Explain the effect of health disparities on national health care issues, including healthy life expectancy and health care costs.
 - Answer: (At least three of the following)
 - 1. Uninsured or underinsured
 - 2. Disability
 - 3. Race/ethnicity
 - 4. Sex and gender
 - 5. Sexual orientation
 - 6. Economics and education
 - 7. Geographic location

Many people with limited resources, literacy, or access to quality health care will avoid getting the care they need, including preventive services. When they do seek treatment, it may be in a hospital emergency room, where the cost of care is very high. Moreover, they may seek treatment too late, or they may have a reduced chance of a full recovery. This worsens our overall healthy life expectancy, and increases national health care costs because of the need for more expensive procedures, equipment, and medications to treat rather than prevent disease. It also increases rates of premature death and costs due to lost productivity.

Diff: 4 Type: ES

42) The medical model would most likely focus on which of the following?	42)
 A) lifestyle interventions to prevent chronic diseases B) serving marginalized populations 	
C) controlling air and water pollution	
 D) treating bacterial infections with antibiotics Answer: D 	
Diff: 3 Type: MC	
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
43) Another name for the social cognitive model of behavior change is the stages of change model.	43)
Answer: True Sealse Diff: 1 Type: TF	
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.	
44) Like many sophomores, Miguel initially struggled with organic chemistry when he tried to learn everything on his own. On the advice of a friend, he joined a study group that met three days a	44)
week to work on homework problems and study for exams together. It took a lot of effort, but	
Miguel never missed a study group, and all the hard work paid off when he got an A- in the class. To reward himself, Miguel went to a concert after the semester was over. This is an example of	
A) external locus of control.B) internal locus of control.C) self-efficacy.D) positive reinforcement.	
Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC	
45) When enlisting others as change agents, which of the following groups are probably best to choose?	45)
 A) family members and professionals, but not friends B) family members and friends, but not professionals 	
C) family members, friends, and professionals D) friends and professionals, but not family members	
Answer: C	
Diff: 1 Type: MC	
46) Every year, racial and ethnic disparities cost the United States economy over	46)
A) 2 million dollars.B) 2 billion dollars.C) 200 billion dollars.D) 200 million dollars.	
Answer: C	
Diff: 2 Type: MC	
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.	
47) Health disparities can arise from many factors, including disability.	47)
Answer: <a>True False <a>Diff: 1 Type: TF	

48) All of the following factor	s can give rise to health di	sparities except		48)
A) race and ethnicity.		B) sexual orientation.		
C) access to social med	ia.	D) inadequate health insu	rance.	
Answer: C				
Diff: 2 Type: MC				
49) Determinants responsible	for most of the illness rela	ted to chronic diseases inclu	de all of the	49)
following <i>except</i>				+ <i>)</i>)
A) accidents.		B) tobacco use.		
C) physical inactivity.		D) poor nutrition.		
Answer: A		, 1		
Diff: 1 Type: MC				
TDUE/EAUSE Minite 'T' if the state	mont is true and 'E' if the	atatamant in false		
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the state		statement is raise.		
50) The ability to understand			l respect all living	50)
things are part of intellect		ensions of nearth.		
Answer: True S Fa Diff: 2 Type: TF	alse			
ESSAY. Write your answer in the s	pace provided or on a sep	arate sheet of paper.		
2				
51) Andrew is considering sta transtheoretical model, wi stages will he follow?		sometime within the next six currently and, if he continue	-	
Preparation stag	e, then Action, followed b	stage. Once he decides to tak y Maintenance. In the final st		
the behavior of r Diff: 4 Type: ES	egular exercise.			
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the state	ment is true and 'F' if the	statement is false.		
52) Over a third of young mil	lennials in the United State	es are religiously unaffiliated	l.	52)
Answer: O True Fa	alse			
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the c	one alternative that best co	ompletes the statement or ar	nswers the question.	
53) David has decided to redu			hts from three	53)
hours to two. Which aspec A) realistic	ct of the SMART system is B) action-oriented	-	D) specific	
Answor: C				

Answer: C Diff: 2 Type: MC

54)	54) Eloise has been working vigilantly to increase her amount of physical exercise. She's now reached the point where it has become an essential part of her daily living. Which stage of the transtheoretical model of behavior change is this?				54)	
	A) mainte		B) termination	C) preparation	D) action	
	Answer: B Diff: 3 Ty	pe: MC				
ESSAY. \	Write your ar	nswer in the s	space provided or on	a separate sheet of paper.		
55)	-	four leading s do these ca		ase in the United States. Into v	what category of health	
	• • • Th	Tobacco us Excessive a Lack of phy Poor nutriti	e Icohol consumption /sical activity ion	sease in the United States are: s that fall within the category	of individual behavior.	
MULTIPI	LE CHOICE.	Choose the	one alternative that b	est completes the statement of	or answers the question.	
56)	A) family	ninants of he health histor ional attainm	y.	health disparities include all c B) discrimination. D) economic stability.	. .	56)
	Answer: A Diff: 3 Ty	pe: MC				
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write '	T' if the state	ement is true and 'F' i	f the statement is false.		
57)	"Health for a	all" means liv	ing in a world where	no one suffers from prevental	ole disease.	57)
		True 🛛 🧟 F pe: TF	alse			
MULTIPI	LE CHOICE.	Choose the	one alternative that b	est completes the statement of	or answers the question.	
58)	wants to run training for a roommate ir Learning spo A) motiva C) shapin Answer: B	a five-kilom a race, though nvites Deanna ecific behavio ition.	neter race at the end of h, so she asks her roor a to join the team on tl	eving stress and staying fit, h f the semester. She doesn't kno nmate, a member of the track he track to see what a serious s perform them is called B) modeling. D) situational inducer	ow the first thing about team, for advice. Her practice is like.	58)
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write '	T' if the state	ement is true and 'F' i	f the statement is false.		
59)			ge, shaping is a proce arge changes.	ss of making a series of small	changes instead of	59)

Answer: True False Diff: 1 Type: TF

60)					nefits of mindfulnes	ss are	60)
	B) stres	ss control and	anxiety reducti	on.	concentration.		
			problem-solvir		y .		
	Answer: Diff: 3	B Type: MC					
61)	insurance terms of t A) indi	but your low	income makes Care Act (ACA	you eligible fo	5	ndividual policy under the terminant of health?	61)
	Answer: Diff: 3	D Type: MC					
62)					ne following except		62)
	A) sex. Answer: Diff: 2		B) family	history.	C) age.	D) behavior.	
TRUE/FA	LSE. Writ	te 'T' if the sta	tement is true	and 'F' if the s	tatement is false.		
63)	A person induceme		e pantry and re	frigerator of ur	nhealthy foods is pr	acticing situational	63)
	Answer: Diff: 2	True Type: TF	False				
MULTIPI	LE CHOIC	E. Choose the	e one alternativ	ve that best co	mpletes the statem	ent or answers the question.	
64)		•	instheoretical n s to previous b		ior change is it mos	t important to be aware of	64)
	A) pred	contemplation			B) termination D) preparation		
	Answer: Diff: 2	С Туре: МС					
TRUE/FA	LSE. Writ	te 'T' if the sta	tement is true	and 'F' if the s	tatement is false.		
65)			ople 2020, the c nat influence he		f health are the pers	sonal, social, economic, and	65)
	Answer: Diff: 1	True Type: TF	False				
66)		•			eading causes of de spiratory disease.	ath are all chronic diseases,	66)
	Answer: Diff: 1	True Type: TF	False				

67) _____ 67) The dimensions of health include which of the following? A) physical health, intellectual health, and social health B) physical health, environmental health, and psychic health C) physical health, emotional health, and empathetic health D) physical health, intellectual health, and economic health Answer: A Diff: 2 Type: MC TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false. 68) 68) Life expectancy in the United States is several years higher than that of any other nation. Ealse Answer: True Diff: 1 Type: TF MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question. 69) 69) Examples of mindfulness include all of the following except A) savoring the taste, smell, and texture of a bite of food. B) taking a moment to feel your breath moving in and out of your chest. C) thoughtfully contemplating the actions you might take to reduce climate change. D) witnessing the anger of a friend without judgment. Answer: C Diff: 3 Type: MC ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper. 70) Identify the five factors fundamental to the health belief model. Answer: The health belief model addresses five factors that must exist before a person can make a behavioral change. These are the following: Perceived seriousness: The severity of the consequences of the potential health problem Perceived susceptibility: Evaluating the likelihood of developing a health problem

Perceived benefits: Recognizing how an action will result in positive outcomes

Perceived barriers: Acknowledging or overcoming potential obstacles to change

Cues to action: An alert or reminder to take preventive action for a potential health problem

Diff: 2 Type: ES

71) Describe a path to greater mindfulness, including examples of both formal and informal actions you can take.

Answer: The path to mindfulness differs for each individual, but in general it requires a willingness to examine who you are and how you view the world and your place in it, as well as a willingness to appreciate each moment. The path includes formal actions such as meditation or yoga, as well as informal actions such as increasing your attention to your relationships, your food choices, or your impact on your environment. It might also include cultivating compassion or gratitude.

Diff: 4 Type: ES

	y the National College Health Ass nance as reported by students?	ociation, what was the greatest impediment	72)
A) work		B) anxiety	
C) sleep difficulti	es	D) stress	
Answer: D		_,	
Diff: 1 Type: MC			
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the	statement is true and 'F' if the st	atement is false.	
73) Obesity probably ha	s little impact on life expectancy i	n the United States.	73)
Answer: True Diff: 1 Type: TF	False		
74) Visualizing yourself rehearsal.	making new friends at the next d	orm party is an example of imagined	74)
Answer: <a>True	False		
75) The factors contribu with adequate feder	e	ally quite simple and could easily be remedied	75)
Answer: True Diff: 1 Type: TF	False		
76) Having friends and	family members who listen and p	rovide support is an example of social health.	76)
Answer: 🥥 True	False		
Diff: 1 Type: TF	-		

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

77) What is self-efficacy, and why is it important in making a behavior change?

Answer	: Self-efficacy is the belief that one is capable of achieving certain goals or influencing events in life. If an
	individual approaches a behavior change with a high level of self-efficacy, he or she will be more likely
	to succeed as compared to someone with low self-efficacy, who is more likely to become discouraged
	and give up, or even never try to change.
Diff: 4	Type: ES

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

78) Georgette tried to quit drinking once but gave up after only a few days; now she assures her friends 78)
 that it's really not a problem. Which stage of the transtheoretical model of behavior change is this?

A) preparation	B) action
C) precontemplation	D) contemplation
nswer: C	

Answer: C Diff: 3 Type: MC

- ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.
 - 79) You are interested in improving your health by initiating an exercise program. Describe three behavior-change techniques that can assist you in making that change.
 - Answer: (Descriptions of any three of the following) Setting a SMART goal, shaping, anticipating barriers to change, modeling, signing a contract, imagined rehearsal, countering, situational inducement, changing self-talk, positive reinforcement, and journaling.
 Diff: 4 Type: ES

80) Robert has been smoking a pack of cigarettes a day for 45 years. Of his friends who also smoke, several have developed heart disease and lung problems. Robert's grandson, Bobby, has just taken up smoking. According to the health belief model (HBM) of behavior change, who is more likely to perceive tobacco as a threat to their health?

A) BobbyB) RobertC) both Robert and Bobby, equallyD) neither Robert nor Bobby, equallyAnswer: B

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

81) After implementation of the Affordable Care Act, the percentage of poor and near-poor uninsured
 81) ______
 Americans dropped from just over 40 percent to only 4 percent.

Answer: True Sealse Diff: 2 Type: TF

Type: MC

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

82) Define the medical model and public health model.

- Answer: Medical model: Health status focuses on the individual and his or her tissues and organs. Public health model: Views diseases and negative health events as involving the interaction between the individual and his or her social and physical environment.
- Diff: 2 Type: ES

Diff: 3

- 83) What are three key questions you should ask yourself when identifying a target behavior to change?
 - Answer: 1. What do I want?
 - 2. Which change is my greatest priority at this time?
 - 3. Why is this important to me?
 - Diff: 2 Type: ES

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

A) activity reinforcersC) consumable reinforcers

Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC B) manipulative reinforcers D) possessional reinforcers

85)	85) Jessica is sexually active. Her roommate, who works at the student health center, reminds Jessica of the potential health risks of having unprotected sex. According to the health belief model (HBM), which factor to support a belief has Jessica's roommate used?				85)
	A) scare tactics	B) shaping	C) consequences	D) cues to action	
	Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC				
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write 'T' if the st	atement is true and 'F' if the st	atement is false.		
86)	86) Low levels of physical activity contribute to over 200,000 deaths in the United States each year.				
	Answer: C True Diff: 2 Type: TF	False			
87)	Equity may be defined	l as the absence of differences a	mong groups of people.		87)
	Answer: True Diff: 4 Type: TF	False			
88)	For those aged 15-24.	the leading cause of death in th	e United States in 2014 w	/as cancer.	88)
,	-	False			
	Diff: 1 Type: TF				
MULTIPI	E CHOICE. Choose t	ne one alternative that best cor	npletes the statement or	answers the question.	
89)	 A) lack of physical a B) excessive consur C) tobacco use and 	g are two of the four leading cal activity and excessive consump nption of alcohol and excessive excessive use of supplements activity and excessive eating	tion of alcohol	the United States?	89)
	Answer: A				
	Diff: 2 Type: MC				
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write 'T' if the st	atement is true and 'F' if the st	atement is false.		
90)	Learning a new langua	age could boost your intellectua	al health.		90)
	Answer: O True Diff: 1 Type: TF	False			
91)	According to the healt more likely to take pre-	h belief model (HBM), people v eventive action	vho perceive themselves	to be at high risk are	91)
	Answer: C True Diff: 1 Type: TF	False			
92)	A reinforcing factor of better as you begin to	your weight management prog lose weight.	gram would be noticing t	hat your clothes fit	92)
	Answer: O True Diff: 2 Type: TF	False			

93) Research suggests that the best time to practice mindfulness is in the early morning, and the best method is to sit in silence for twenty minutes with your eyes closed.			
Answer: True Sealse Diff: 1 Type: TF			
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the q	uestion.		
 94) What was the name of the model of health in which health status focused primarily on the individual and his or her tissues and organs? A) the medical model B) the disease model C) the ecological model D) the public health model Answer: A Diff: 1 Type: MC 	94)		
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.			
 95) Working out with a partner who has achieved the goals you are working towards is a behavi change technique referred to as shaping. Answer: True 	or 95)		
Diff: 2 Type: TF			
MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the q	uestion.		
96) Iggy, Carolyn, Ted, and Anika were all aged 15-24 when they died. Iggy was killed by a drunk driver, Carolyn was murdered, Ted had heart disease, and Anika committed suicide. Of the four, which three died from the three leading causes of death in the United States in 2014 for their age group?			
A) Iggy, Ted, and Anika C) Iggy, Carolyn, and Ted Answer: B Diff: 2 Type: MC			
97) A highly successful strategy for challenging the beliefs and attitudes that contribute to health	97)		
disparities is A) cultivating an external locus of control. B) practicing mindfulness. C) recognizing the antecedents and consequences of your behaviors. D) setting SMART goals.			
Answer: B Diff: 3 Type: MC			
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.			
98) Research suggests that a program of mindfulness-based stress reduction can help reduce chronic back pain.			

Answer: True False Diff: 1 Type: TF

99) 99) To achieve a more equitable distribution of health care in the United States, experts recommend A) restrict settings for preventive services to licensed and accredited health care facilities. B) encouraging health care providers to seek patients who share their own race/ethnicity. C) keeping children in school year-round. D) increasing the numbers of minority health care providers. Answer: D Diff: 2 Type: MC 100) Rashid is planning to volunteer to help pick up trash in his neighborhood. Which dimension of his 100) health is he improving? A) spiritual health B) social health C) mental health D) environmental health Answer: D Diff: 1 Type: MC 101) Richard, John, George, and Paul all want to lose weight. Richard figures he can lose weight by 101) exercising more. John has decided to eat less during meals and snacks. George has decided to join a walking group that meets every Wednesday and Sunday. Paul thinks he might just sleep in every morning and skip breakfast. Which of these four has set a true SMART goal for losing weight? A) Paul B) George C) John D) Richard

Answer: B Diff: 4 Type: MC

1) D

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Diff: 2
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 2) D
   Diff: 1
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   Chapter: 1
3) TRUE
   Diff: 2
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   Chapter: 1
4) A
   Diff: 1
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   Chapter: 1
5) FALSE
   Diff: 2
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6) FALSE
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   Chapter: 1
7) TRUE
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   Chapter: 1
8) (Answers may vary. Typical examples are listed.)
   Physical: Body size, composition, and fitness levels, along with immune system and other bodily functioning and
   recuperative abilities and ability to perform activities of daily living (ADLs)
   Intellectual: Clear and critical thinking ability, objective reasoning, and responsible decision-making to meet life's
   challenges
   Social: Healthy interaction with others, satisfying interpersonal relationships, and adaptability to various social
   situations and daily behaviors
   Emotional: Appropriate control and expression of emotions, self-esteem, efficacy, and confidence, as well as the ability
   to trust, love, and respond with other emotions
   Environmental: Playing a role in preserving, protecting, and improving environmental conditions
   Spiritual: Sense of meaning and purpose in life; may include belief in a supreme being, or feeling unity and oneness
   with nature and all living things; ability to experience peace, contentment, and wonder
   All dimensions are important for overall health, and paying excessive attention to one dimension, such as physical
   health, can't compensate for inattention to other dimensions, such as social or emotional health. The necessary
   perspective is holistic, emphasizing balance.
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   Chapter: 1
9) TRUE
   Diff: 1
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   Chapter: 1
10) TRUE
   Diff: 2
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
11) TRUE
   Diff: 3
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
12) B
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   Diff: 2
   Chapter: 1
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13) B
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
14) B
   Diff: 3 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
15) B
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
16) TRUE
   Diff: 1 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
17) TRUE
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
18) B
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
19) FALSE
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   Chapter: 1
20) A
   Diff: 1 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
21) A
   Diff: 3 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
22) D
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
23) C
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
24) A
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
25) A
   Diff: 3 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
26) C
   Diff: 3 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
27) B
   Diff: 3 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
28) A
   Diff: 2 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
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29) C
   Diff: 1
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
30) A
   Diff: 4
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
31) C
   Diff: 3
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
32) FALSE
   Diff: 2
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
33) TRUE
   Diff: 2
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
34) B
   Diff: 2
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
35) TRUE
   Diff: 1
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Chapter: 1
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36) In the contemplation stage, a person acknowledges a problem and the need for change but may lack the time or energy to make the change. In the preparation stage, a person begins to focus on how to effect change and may move toward creating a plan of action.
 Diff: 3 Page Ref:

Diff: 3 Page F Chapter: 1

37) B

Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

38) C

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

39) B

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

```
40) TRUE
```

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

41) (At least three of the following)

- 1. Uninsured or underinsured
- 2. Disability
- 3. Race/ethnicity
- 4. Sex and gender
- 5. Sexual orientation
- 6. Economics and education
- 7. Geographic location

Many people with limited resources, literacy, or access to quality health care will avoid getting the care they need, including preventive services. When they do seek treatment, it may be in a hospital emergency room, where the cost of care is very high. Moreover, they may seek treatment too late, or they may have a reduced chance of a full recovery. This worsens our overall healthy life expectancy, and increases national health care costs because of the need for more expensive procedures, equipment, and medications to treat rather than prevent disease. It also increases rates of premature death and costs due to lost productivity.

Diff: 4 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

42) D Diff: 3 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

43) FALSE

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

44) D

Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

45) C

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

46) C

Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

47) TRUE

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

48) C

Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

49) A

Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

50) FALSE Diff: 2

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Diff: 2 Page Ref:
Chapter: 1
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- 51) Andrew is currently in the Contemplation stage. Once he decides to take action, he will move to the Preparation stage, then Action, followed by Maintenance. In the final stage, Termination, he will adopt the behavior of regular exercise.
 Diff: 4 Page Ref: Chapter: 1
- 52) TRUE

Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

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53) C
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54) B
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   Chapter: 1
55) The four leading causes of chronic disease in the United States are:

    Tobacco use

    •
        Excessive alcohol consumption
        Lack of physical activity
    ٠
    •
        Poor nutrition
   These are all modifiable determinants that fall within the category of individual behavior.
   Diff: 3
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   Chapter: 1
56) A
   Diff: 3 Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
57) FALSE
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            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
58) B
            Page Ref:
   Diff: 1
   Chapter: 1
59) TRUE
   Diff: 1
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
60) B
   Diff: 3
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
61) D
   Diff: 3
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
62) D
   Diff: 2
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
63) TRUE
   Diff: 2
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
64) C
   Diff: 2
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
65) TRUE
   Diff: 1
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
66) TRUE
   Diff: 1
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
67) A
   Diff: 2
            Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
```

```
68) FALSE

Diff: 1 Page Ref:
Chapter: 1

69) C

Diff: 3 Page Ref:
Chapter: 1
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70) The health belief model addresses five factors that must exist before a person can make a behavioral change. These are the following:

```
Perceived seriousness: The severity of the consequences of the potential health problem
Perceived susceptibility: Evaluating the likelihood of developing a health problem
Perceived benefits: Recognizing how an action will result in positive outcomes
Perceived barriers: Acknowledging or overcoming potential obstacles to change
Cues to action: An alert or reminder to take preventive action for a potential health problem
Diff: 2 Page Ref:
Chapter: 1
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71) The path to mindfulness differs for each individual, but in general it requires a willingness to examine who you are and how you view the world and your place in it, as well as a willingness to appreciate each moment. The path includes formal actions such as meditation or yoga, as well as informal actions such as increasing your attention to your relationships, your food choices, or your impact on your environment. It might also include cultivating compassion or gratitude.

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Diff: 4
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
72) D
   Diff: 1
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   Chapter: 1
73) FALSE
   Diff: 1
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
74) TRUE
   Diff: 2
             Page Ref:
   Chapter: 1
75) FALSE
   Diff: 1
             Page Ref:
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- Diff: 1 Pa Chapter: 1
- 76) TRUE

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Diff: 1 Page Ref:
Chapter: 1
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 77) Self-efficacy is the belief that one is capable of achieving certain goals or influencing events in life. If an individual approaches a behavior change with a high level of self-efficacy, he or she will be more likely to succeed as compared to someone with low self-efficacy, who is more likely to become discouraged and give up, or even never try to change.
 Diff: 4 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

78) C

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Diff: 3 Page Ref:
Chapter: 1
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79) (Descriptions of any three of the following)

Setting a SMART goal, shaping, anticipating barriers to change, modeling, signing a contract, imagined rehearsal, countering, situational inducement, changing self-talk, positive reinforcement, and journaling. Diff: 4 Page Ref: Chapter: 1

80) B Diff: 3 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 **81) FALSE** Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 82) Medical model: Health status focuses on the individual and his or her tissues and organs. Public health model: Views diseases and negative health events as involving the interaction between the individual and his or her social and physical environment. Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 83) 1. What do I want? 2. Which change is my greatest priority at this time? 3. Why is this important to me? Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 84) D Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 85) D Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 86) TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 87) FALSE Page Ref: Diff: 4 Chapter: 1 88) FALSE Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 89) A Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 90) TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 91) TRUE Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 92) TRUE Diff: 2 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 93) FALSE Diff: 1 Page Ref: Chapter: 1 94) A Page Ref: Diff: 1 Chapter: 1

```
95) FALSE
    Diff: 2 Page Ref:
    Chapter: 1
 96) B
    Diff: 2 Page Ref:
    Chapter: 1
 97) B
    Diff: 3 Page Ref:
    Chapter: 1
 98) TRUE
    Diff: 1 Page Ref:
    Chapter: 1
 99) D
    Diff: 2 Page Ref:
    Chapter: 1
100) D
    Diff: 1 Page Ref:
    Chapter: 1
101) B
```

Diff: 4 Page Ref: Chapter: 1