

Chapter 1 Global Violence Against Women

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- 1) What form of violence is most commonly reported by women globally? 1) _____
A) Domestic violence B) Violence by a friend
C) Intimate partner violence D) Family violence

- 2) Femicide is: 2) _____
A) Another label for homicide.
B) The killing of women because of their gender.
C) Done out of respect for women.
D) Committed by non-family members.

- 3) Similarly to other countries, Canada: 3) _____
A) Does not acknowledge that violence occurs to more than just women.
B) Has no specific offence of violence against women or spousal assault.
C) Has strict policies regarding violence against women.
D) Enforces all laws to ensure violence is kept to a minimum.

- 4) The T Visa, created in 2000, serves to provide immigration relief to victims of: 4) _____
A) incest. B) domestic violence.
C) female genital mutilation. D) human trafficking.

- 5) A common practice in India is: 5) _____
A) Female feticide. B) Females in high positions of authority.
C) Large families of females. D) Large numbers of unmarried females.

- 6) In India, which of the following is an example of violence against women in the family? 6) _____
A) Sexual harassment at work B) Forced prostitution
C) Trafficking of women D) Dowry-related violence

- 7) Which family member is most likely to commit an honor killing in Afghanistan? 7) _____
A) Father B) Uncle C) Mother D) Grandfather

- 8) Which dishonorable act of a Muslim daughter in Afghanistan demands "punishment?" 8) _____
A) Seeking employment
B) Seeking an education
C) Attempting to assimilate into Western culture
D) all of the above

- 9) In 2000, Congress created the _____ to provide immigration relief to victims of severe forms of 9) _____
human trafficking, the third form of immigration relief under VAWA.
A) relief B) self-petitioning C) U visa D) T visa

- 10) In early 2006, it was reported that up to 10 million female fetuses were aborted in India over the 10) _____
past 20 years. This practice is known as:
A) Preferred infanticide. B) Gender-specific abortion.
C) Female feticide. D) Dowry.

- 11) Section 498—A of the Indian Penal Code deals with illegal cruel conduct against women. Which of the following is a type of this conduct? 11) _____
 A) Conduct that is likely to cause grave injury to the life, limb, or health of the woman
 B) Conduct that is likely to drive a woman to suicide
 C) Harassment with the purpose of forcing the woman or her relatives to give some property
 D) all of the above
- 12) In 2016 it was estimated that over _____ women and girls in the United States were at risk or had been subjected to female genital mutilation. 12) _____
 A) 1,000 B) 500,000 C) 50,000 D) 250,000
- 13) A 2006 UN study found that _____ is not a prosecutable offense in at least 53 states. 13) _____
 A) marital rape B) sexual harassment
 C) family violence D) intimate partner violence
- 14) To qualify for _____, a noncitizen must have suffered substantial physical or mental abuse as the result of certain criminal activity and be willing to cooperate with a government official in the investigation or prosecution of the criminal activity. 14) _____
 A) T visa B) U visa C) self-petitioning D) relief
- 15) A ritual in Mozambique wherein a widow must have unprotected sex with a member of her deceased husband's family or risk losing their inheritance is called: 15) _____
 A) Purification. B) Producing future heirs.
 C) Mourning. D) Family relations.
- 16) A provision of Mexican family violence legislation called *conciliación* involves: 16) _____
 A) rehabilitative measures provided to the offender in hopes of eliminating abusive behaviors.
 B) facilitating a face to face meeting between the victim and the offender in hopes of resolution.
 C) providing government protection to victimized families.
 D) all of the above
- 17) Female genital mutilation has been reported to occur in all parts of the world. More than _____ of women ages 15 to 49 have been mutilated in Djibouti, Egypt, Guinea, and Somalia according to UNICEF. 17) _____
 A) 50% B) 40% C) 70% D) 90%
- 18) Bride burning is an example of: 18) _____
 A) Female feticide. B) Female genital mutilation.
 C) Honor killing. D) Dowry death.
- 19) According to the penal code in this country, "honorable motives" is a mitigating factor in serious crimes against women, including murder. 19) _____
 A) Philippines B) Iraq C) Peru D) Iran
- 20) This country has one of the highest rates of physical and sexual violence by an intimate partner in the world according to the World Health Organization in 2010. 20) _____
 A) Iran B) Peru C) Iraq D) Philippines

- 21) Despite recent legislation, domestic violence continues to be a significant and widespread problem in Mozambique where more than _____ of women are believed to be victims of domestic violence. 21) _____
 A) one third B) one quarter C) one half D) three quarters
- 22) The Istanbul Convention defines the term violence against _____ as a violation of human rights and a form of discrimination and shall mean all acts of gender-based violence that result in, or are likely to result in, physical, sexual, psychological, or economic harm or suffering to women, including threats of such acts, coercion, or arbitrary deprivation of liberty, whether occurring in public or in private life. 22) _____
 A) men B) children
 C) women D) none of the above
- 23) To determine immigration relief status, the international _____ is defined as an individual with a well-founded fear of being persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership in a particular social group, or political opinion. 23) _____
 A) protocol B) refugee C) relief D) asylum
- 24) The Violence Against Women Act (VWA) established _____ form(s) of immigration relief for vulnerable immigrants. 24) _____
 A) pending B) three C) two D) one
- 25) Examples of criminal activities covered under the U visa provisions include _____ incest, rape, and any substantially similar crime. 25) _____
 A) Trafficking B) Female genital mutilation
 C) Domestic violence D) all of the above

TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false.

- 26) The term female genital mutilation (FGM) refers to all procedures involving partial or total removal of the external female genitalia or other injury to the female genital organs for nonmedical reasons. 26) _____
- 27) In India, about 500,000 female fetuses are aborted every year in the practice of female feticide. 27) _____
- 28) Amnesty International reports that alarming numbers of Afghan women and girls attempt suicide by dousing themselves with gasoline and setting themselves on fire. 28) _____
- 29) Non-aboriginal women are four times more likely to be victims of sexual assault. 29) _____
- 30) Dowry deaths are common in India. 30) _____
- 31) The T visa lasts for four years and may lead to lawful permanent resident status after three years of continuous physical presence in the United States under specific circumstances. 31) _____
- 32) Abused spouses, children, and parents of U.S. citizens (and certain permanent residents) can now self-file a petition for an immigrant visa without the abuser's knowledge. 32) _____
- 33) Women's shelters in Malaysia are referred to as "Rumah Nur," which means house of light. 33) _____

- 34) The last large-scale Malaysian government study of violence against women was completed in 2010. 34) _____
- 35) The practice of female feticide is the act of aborting a fetus because it is female. 35) _____

SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

- 36) The _____ on the elimination of violence against women emphasizes that violence against women is a violation of human rights and recommends strategies to be employed by member states and specialized agencies to eliminate it. 36) _____
- 37) About _____ million girls and women in the world are estimated to have undergone female genital mutilation. 37) _____
- 38) In Australia, appropriate intervention designed to improve access to legal services for indigenous women is accomplished through the _____ family violence prevention legal services in Australia. 38) _____
- 39) This is a traditional practice in which men kill a female relative who is believed to have brought dishonor upon the family or community for forced or suspected sexual activity outside marriage. _____ 39) _____
- 40) In 1994, Malaysia established the _____ in their state hospitals, a model which enables women to receive prompt medical attention and referrals for counseling and support services in light of a domestic violence complaint. 40) _____
- 41) The country of _____'s protection order is also known as an interdict. 41) _____
- 42) Only one country, _____, had less than 20% of women report incidents of intimate partner violence. 42) _____
- 43) _____ genital mutilation procedures typically occur between infancy and age 15. 43) _____
- 44) _____ killing is the traditional practice in which men kill a female relative who is believed to have brought dishonor upon the family or community for forced or suspected sexual activity outside of marriage. 44) _____
- 45) In Afghanistan _____ % of all violent acts against women are committed by the husband of the victim. 45) _____

MATCHING. Choose the item in column 2 that best matches each item in column 1.

Name the country associated with the fact below.

- 46) Does not allow divorce A) Philippines 46) _____

- | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------|
| 47) Has a traditional practice of honor killing | A) India | 47) _____ |
| 48) Has no specific offence against women | B) Canada | 48) _____ |
| 49) Has a traditional practice of honor killing | C) Afghanistan | 49) _____ |

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- 50) Discuss at least two forms of "cruelty" against women recognized by the courts in India.
- 51) Discuss the options available to women who are abused in the Philippines and their unique situation.
- 52) List and describe several types of violence against women.
- 53) How is Mexican culture considered detrimental to women's equality?
- 54) What is FGM?
- 55) Using the Simply Scenario from this chapter, articulate how no-fault divorces in the United States during the 1970s were positive and negative for women and children.
- 56) Which country discussed in Chapter 1 is the worst for abused women? Justify your response with citing specific reasons why this country made your top list.

Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED4

- 1) C
- 2) B
- 3) B
- 4) D
- 5) A
- 6) D
- 7) A
- 8) D
- 9) D
- 10) C
- 11) D
- 12) D
- 13) A
- 14) B
- 15) A
- 16) B
- 17) D
- 18) D
- 19) B
- 20) B
- 21) C
- 22) C
- 23) B
- 24) B
- 25) D
- 26) TRUE
- 27) TRUE
- 28) TRUE
- 29) FALSE
- 30) TRUE
- 31) TRUE
- 32) TRUE
- 33) TRUE
- 34) FALSE
- 35) TRUE
- 36) declaration
- 37) 200
- 38) Aboriginal
- 39) Honor killing
- 40) One Stop Crisis Centre (OSCC)
- 41) Scotland
- 42) Japan
- 43) Female
- 44) Honor
- 45) 70
- 46) A
- 47) C
- 48) A
- 49) B

Answer Key

Testname: UNTITLED4

- 50) There are many forms of cruelty, which can include persistent denial of food, perverse sexual conduct, locking outside of the house, denying access to children, physical violence, mental torture, abusing children in the mother's presence, forced confinement to the home, denying of paternity, and threatening divorce unless a dowry is provided.
- 51) Women cannot legally divorce in the Philippines and are only allowed to apply for a legal separation or annulment. Thus, it is more difficult to leave an abusive spouse. Vatican City is the only other country that does not allow for divorce, thus making the Philippines the only other country where women cannot divorce their abuser.
- 52) Physical abuse is the most commonly thought of abuse against women. However, abuse takes other forms. Women can be sexually abused by their partners or family members. Intimate partners can also inflict psychological abuse, which is a lesser known form yet very harmful to its victims.
- 53) Mexican culture is patriarchal, macho, and misogynistic. Thus, women are viewed as subservient to men and not equals. Their purpose is to serve their men and this view is passed down from one generation to the next. Unless this is changed culturally, it will continue to exist.
- 54) FGM stands for female genital mutilation. It includes procedures that intentionally alter or cause injury to the female genitalia.
- 55) This cultural change had a direct impact in that it decreased domestic violence and female suicide because women could escape abusive spouses. Children no longer had to witness abuse and face the psychological effects of it. Women became more independent and were no longer stuck in bad marriages. They could also protect their children from also being victims of abuse. Negative consequences were that children may see less of their fathers and be raised in households with only one parent.
- 56) Several countries could make the top list. In India women can be burned for not having a sufficient dowry and be subject to bride burning. In the Middle East women can be killed in an honor killing just for the perception of not being a virgin. In the Philippines women cannot legally divorce and can only apply for a legal separation or annulment.