

FIGURE A-II.1

(a) A rectangular pulse function with a unit area. (b) If $a \rightarrow 0$, this function becomes the Dirac delta function.

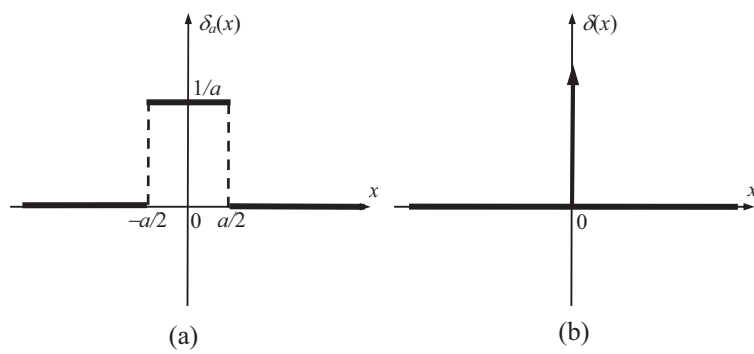


FIGURE A-II.2

Gaussian function with a unit area. If $b \rightarrow 0$, this function becomes the Dirac delta function.

