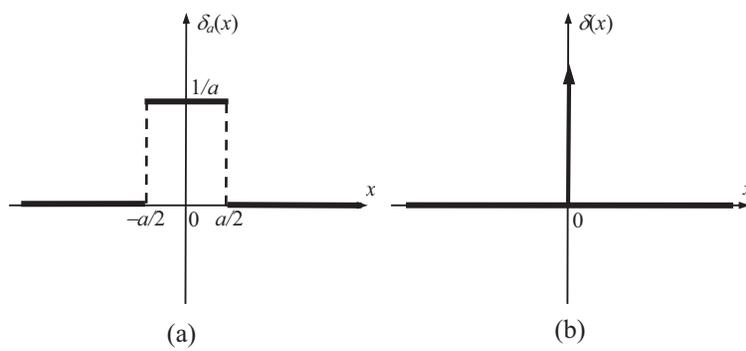


**FIGURE A-II.1**

(a) A rectangular pulse function with a unit area. (b) If  $a \rightarrow 0$ , this function becomes the Dirac delta function.



**FIGURE A-II.2**

Gaussian function with a unit area. If  $b \rightarrow 0$ , this function becomes the Dirac delta function.

