

MATCHING

Match each definition with the correct word part.

- a. abnormal condition
- b. deficient
- c. excessive
- d. pain
- e. surgical removal

- 1. -algia
- 2. -ectomy
- 3. hyper-
- 4. hypo-
- 5. -osis

- | | |
|-----------|--------|
| 1. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 2. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |
| 3. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 4. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 5. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |

Match each definition with the correct word part.

- a. excessive bleeding
- b. flow or discharge
- c. rupture
- d. surgical repair
- e. surgical suturing

- 6. -plasty
- 7. -rrhage
- 8. -rrhaphy
- 9. -rrhea
- 10. -rrhexis

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|------------|--------|
| 6. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 7. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 8. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |
| 9. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 10. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |

Match each definition with the correct word part.

- a. abnormal hardening
- b. surgical incision
- c. bad, difficult, painful
- d. creation of an artificial opening
- e. inflammation

- 11. dys-
- 12. -itis
- 13. -ostomy
- 14. -otomy
- 15. -sclerosis

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|------------|--------|
| 11. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 12. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |
| 13. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 14. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 15. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |

Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. subjective evidence of disease
- b. objective evidence of disease
- c. signs and symptoms that occur together
- d. sudden onset of a disease
- e. temporary disappearance of symptoms

- 16. acute
- 17. remission
- 18. sign
- 19. symptom
- 20. syndrome

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|------------|--------|
| 16. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 17. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |
| 18. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 19. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 20. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |

Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. any disease of the stomach
- b. frequent watery stools
- c. pertaining to the lining of an artery
- d. swelling
- e. formation of pus

- 21. diarrhea
- 22. edema
- 23. endarterial
- 24. gastrosis
- 25. suppuration

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|------------|--------|
| 21. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 22. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 23. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 24. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 25. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |

Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. torn and jagged wound
- b. higher-than-normal blood pressure
- c. localized response to a tissue injury
- d. lower-than-normal blood pressure
- e. pathologic tissue change caused by disease or injury

- 26. hypertension
- 27. hypotension
- 28. inflammation
- 29. laceration
- 30. lesion

- | | |
|------------|--------|
| 26. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 27. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 28. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 29. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 30. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |

Match each definition with the correct term.

- a. abnormal passage between organs
- b. crack-like sore of the skin
- c. identification of a disease
- d. prediction of a disease outcome
- e. the study of all aspects of diseases

- 31. diagnosis
- 32. fissure
- 33. fistula
- 34. pathology
- 35. prognosis

- | | |
|------------|--------|
| 31. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 32. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 33. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 34. ANS: E | PTS: 1 |
| 35. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |

COMPLETION

1. A pathologic change of muscle tissue is known as _____.

ANS: myopathy

PTS: 1

2. The term _____ means pain in a joint or joints.

ANS: arthralgia

PTS: 1

3. A/An _____ is a mature red blood cell.

ANS: erythrocyte

PTS: 1

4. A/An _____, such as *laser*, is a word formed from the initial letter or letters of the major parts of a compound term.

ANS: acronym

PTS: 1

5. The term _____ means between, but not within, the parts of a tissue.
ANS: interstitial
PTS: 1
6. The surgical puncture of the abdominal cavity to remove fluid is known as _____.
ANS: abdominocentesis
PTS: 1
7. The medical term _____ is used to describe any acute, inflammatory, pus-forming bacterial skin infection, such as impetigo.
ANS: pyoderma
PTS: 1
8. The blue discoloration of the skin caused by a lack of adequate oxygen in the blood is known as _____.
ANS: cyanosis
PTS: 1
9. The process of producing a radiographic study of blood vessels after the injection of a contrast medium is known as _____.
ANS: angiography
PTS: 1
10. The term _____ means pertaining to a virus.
ANS: viral
PTS: 1
11. A/An _____ is the surgical removal of the appendix.
ANS: appendectomy
PTS: 1
12. The term _____ describes a pounding or racing heart.
ANS: palpitation
PTS: 1
13. The medical term meaning suturing together the ends of a severed nerve is _____.
ANS: neurorrhaphy
PTS: 1
14. The term _____ describes a disease named for the person who first discovered it.
ANS: eponym
PTS: 1
15. Greg was injured in an auto accident. The EMS team referred to his injuries as _____.
ANS: trauma
PTS: 1
16. The abnormal hardening of the walls of an artery or arteries is known as _____.
ANS: arteriosclerosis
PTS: 1
17. A feeling of general discomfort or uneasiness that is often the first indication of an infection is known as _____.
ANS: malaise
PTS: 1
18. The _____ are the bones of the fingers and toes.
ANS: phalanges
PTS: 1

19. The term _____ means within the muscle.
ANS: intramuscular
PTS: 1
20. The act of rotating the arm so that the palm of the hand is forward is known as _____.
ANS: supination
PTS: 1
21. A/An _____ is the surgical creation of an artificial opening between the colon and the body surface.
ANS: colostomy
PTS: 1
22. The medical term meaning an inflammation of the stomach is _____.
ANS: gastritis
PTS: 1
23. The term _____ means pertaining to birth.
ANS: natal
PTS: 1
24. The term _____ describes discomfort due to the regurgitation of stomach acid upward into the esophagus.
ANS: pyrosis
PTS: 1
25. A/An _____ is a specialist in diagnosing and treating disorders of the skin.
ANS: dermatologist
PTS: 1
26. The term _____ means the medical screening of patients to determine their relative priority of need.
ANS: triage
PTS: 1
27. The study of disorders of the newborn is known as _____.
ANS: neonatology
PTS: 1
28. The study of the ears, nose, and throat is known as _____.
ANS: otorhinolaryngology
PTS: 1
29. A/An _____ is the loss of a large amount of blood in a short time.
ANS: hemorrhage
PTS: 1
30. The term _____ describes an examination technique using the examiner's hands.
ANS: palpation
PTS: 1
31. The medical term _____ describes any abnormal condition or disease caused by a fungus.
ANS: mycosis
PTS: 1
32. Abnormal enlargement of the liver is known as _____.
ANS: hepatomegaly
PTS: 1

33. The term _____ means above or outside the ribs.
ANS: supracostal
PTS: 1
34. The medical term _____ means pain in the stomach.
ANS: gastralgia
PTS: 1
35. Commonly known as polio, _____ is a viral infection of the gray matter of the spinal cord.
ANS: poliomyelitis
PTS: 1
36. The medical term _____ describes an inflammation of the stomach and small intestine.
ANS: gastroenteritis
PTS: 1
37. The rupture of a muscle is known as _____.
ANS: myorrhexis
PTS: 1
38. The medical term for an inflammation of the tonsils is _____.
ANS: tonsillitis
PTS: 1
39. The medical term _____ describes any pathologic change or disease in the spinal cord.
ANS: myelopathy
PTS: 1
40. A/An _____ is the invasion of the body by a disease-producing organism.
ANS: infection
PTS: 1

MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Which combining form means white?
a. *cyan/o*
b. *erythr/o*
c. *leuk/o*
d. *melan/o*
ANS: C PTS: 1
2. Which prefix means between or among?
a. *inter-*
b. *intra-*
c. *sub-*
d. *supra-*
ANS: A PTS: 1
3. Which term describes the time and events surrounding birth?
a. prenatal
b. perinatal
c. postnatal
d. virile
ANS: B PTS: 1
4. In the term *otorhinolaryngology*, which word part means ear?
a. *laryng/o*
b. *-ology*
c. *ot/o*
d. *rhin/o*
ANS: C PTS: 1
5. Which word part means abnormal softening?
a. *-megaly*
b. *-malacia*
c. *-stenosis*
d. *-necrosis*
ANS: B PTS: 1
6. The medical term for surgical repair of a muscle is _____.
a. myorrhaphy
b. neuroplasty
c. myoplasty
d. mucous
ANS: C PTS: 1

- ANS: A PTS: 1

- ANS: C PTS: 1

- ANS: B PTS: 1

- ANS: B PTS: 1

- ANS: C PTS: 1

- ANS: A PTS: 1

- ANS: D PTS: 1

- ANS: B PTS: 1

- ANS: C PTS: 1

- ANS: A PTS: 1

- ANS: C PTS: 1

- ANS: B PTS: 1

- ANS: B PTS: 1

- ANS: D PTS: 1

- ANS: B PTS: 1

22. This word part means right side.

- a. *dextr/o*
- b. *sinistr/o*
- c. *eu-*
- d. *-ologist*

ANS: A PTS: 1

23. Which combining form means nerve?

- a. *gastr/o*
- b. *hepat/o*
- c. *nephr/o*
- d. *neur/o*

ANS: D PTS: 1

24. Which term means surgical repair of a nerve?

- a. neurectomy
- b. neuritis
- c. neuroplasty
- d. neurotomy

ANS: C PTS: 1

25. The resulting film created by angiography is known as an _____.

- a. lithotomy
- b. angiogram
- c. appendicitis
- d. diagnosis

ANS: B PTS: 1